



**Barcode Printer** 

NLS-LP410

User Guide

## Declaration

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## Warning and caution

**Warning:** Items shall be strictly followed to avoid injury or damage to body and equipment.

Caution: Items with important information and prompts for operating the printer.

# Newland has been approved by the following certifications:

ISO9001 Quality Control System Certification
ISO14001 Environmental Management System Certification
OHSAS18001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certification
IECQ QC 080000 Hazardous Substance Process Management System Certification

## Safety Instructions

Before installing and using the printer, please read the following items carefully.

## Safety warning



The print head is a thermal element and it is at a high temperature during printing or just after operation, therefore do not touch it or its peripherals for safety's sake.



/ The print head is an ESD-sensitive device. To prevent damage, do not touch either its printing parts or connecting parts.

#### **Notices** 2.

- Install the printer on a flat and stable surface; 1)
- Reserve adequate space around the printer so that convenient operation and maintenance can be performed;
- Keep the printer far away from water source, and do not expose the printer to direct sunlight, strong light and heat;
- 4) Do not use or store the printer in a place exposed to high temperature, high humidity or serious pollution;
- Do not place the printer in a place exposed to vibration or impact; 5)
- No condensation is allowed to the printer. In case of such condensation, do not turn on the power until it has completely gone away;
- Connect the printer power to an appropriate grounding outlet. Avoid sharing one electrical outlet with large power motors or other devices that may cause the fluctuation of voltage;
- Disconnect the power when the printer is deemed to idle for a long time; 8)
- Don't spill water or other electric materials into the printer (e.g. metal). In case this happens, turn off the power immediately;
- 10) Do not allow the printer to start printing when there is no recording paper installed; otherwise the print head and platen roller will be damaged;
- To ensure quality print and normal lifetime, use recommended paper or its equivalent;
- 12) Shut down the printer when connecting or disconnecting interfaces to avoid damages to control board:
- 13) Set the print darkness to a lower grade as long as the print quality is acceptable. This will help to keep the print head durable;
- 14) Avoid turning on and off the printer frequently. It is advised to turn on the printer at least 2 seconds after the printer is turned off;
- 15) Do not disassemble the printer without permission of a technician, even for repairing purpose;
- 16) Keep this manual safe and at hand for reference purpose.

# Contents

l Product description	1 -
1.1 Introduction	1-
1.2 Unpacking and checking	2 -
1.3 Appearance and module	3 -
1.4 Introduction of main modules	3 -
2 Printer installation	4 -
2.1 Installation position	4 -
2.2 Paper roll installation	4 -
2.3 Ribbon installation	5 -
2.4 Power adapter connection	7-
2.5 Communication cable connection	7-
2.6 Start the printer	7-
2.6.1 Power-on and self-test	7-
2.6.2 Mark calibration	- 8 -
2.6.3 Printing self-test page	- 8 -
2.7 Driver setup	9 -
3 Printer operations	11 -
3.1 LED, button and buzzer explanation	11 -
3.1.1 LED functions	
3.1.2 Button functions	- 11 -
3.1.3 Buzzer functions	- 11 -
3.2 Printer status and operation	- 12 -
3.2.1 Printer status	12 -
3.2.2 Daily operations	12 -
3.3 Sensor position adjustment	12 -
3.4 Print position adjustment	13 -
4 Routine maintenance	15 -
4.1 Cleaning print head	15 -
4.2 Cleaning platen roller	16 -
5 Troubleshooting	17 -
5.1 Troubleshooting	17 -
5.2 Print quality problems	
Appendix	20 -

Appendix 1 Technical specification	20	-
Appendix 1.1 Main technical specifications	20	<b>–</b>
Appendix 1.2 Technical specifications of paper	22	<u>'</u> –
Appendix 2 Self-test page	24	<b>–</b>
Appendix 3 Print and paper out position	25	, –
Appendix 4 Communication interface	26	; –
Appendix 4.1 Serial interface	26	; –
Appendix 4.2 USB interface	27	<i>'</i> –
Appendix 4.3 Ethernet interface	28	-

## 1 Product description

#### 1.1 Introduction

NLS-LP410 label printer is an ideal label and barcode printing device for office use, with delicate appearance and excellent performance. It can apply to many fields, such as medical treatment, retailing, manufacture, logistics, asset management and so on.

NLS-LP410 label printer can be connected to the peripherals via serial, USB or Ethernet interface, and can provide universal drivers under the operating systems such as Windows XP/Windows server 2003/ Windows Vista/Windows server 2008/ Windows 7/ Windows 8/Windows server 2012/ Windows 10/Windows server 2019/ Windows 11.

#### Main features:

- Thermal/thermal transfer printing;
- Low noise, high speed printing;
- Modular and open ribbon module, easy paper loading operation and maintenance;
- With 32 bit high speed microprocessor;
- Adopt heat history and auto temperature adaptation control;
- Adopt a new type of print head with long lifetime and high printing quality;
- Support continuous paper, label paper, marked paper, etc;
- Mobile sensor with reflective and transmission sensor together, adaptive for several kinds of paper.

## 1.2 Unpacking and checking

Unpacking the printer carton and refer to the packing list to check whether the parts are missing or damaged. If there is, please contact with Newland or your local distributor (communication cables are optional depending on the printer interface type).

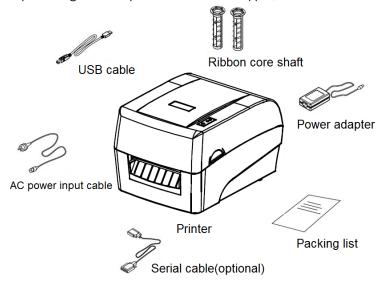
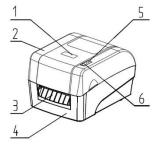
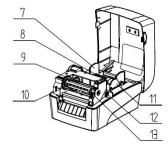


Figure 1.2.1

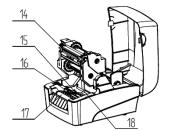
## 1.3 Appearance and module



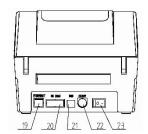
- 1-LOGO plate
- 3—Front baffle plate
- 5-LED
- 7-Paper guide plate
- 9-Ribbon thumb wheel
- 11-Paper cabinet
- 13-Open spanner



- 2-Top cover
- 4-Bottom cover
- 6-Button
- 8-Paper roll holder
- 10-Ribbon holder
- 12-Ribbon end cap



- 14-Print head
- 16-Sensor holder
- 18-Buffer shaft
- 20-Serial interface (optional)
- 22-Power interface



- 15-Paper guide block
- 17—Platen roller
- 19-Ethernet interface
- 21-USB interface
- 23-Power switch

## 1.4 Introduction of main modules

- 1) Button (6) and LED (5): indicate the printer status and complete printing function;
- 2) Paper roll supporting pole (8) and paper guide plate (7): support the paper roll to avoid left and right shaking of paper roll;
- 3) Paper guide block (15): avoid left or right shaking of paper in the paper out path;
- 4) Power switch (22): press "O" to power off and press "—" to power on.
- 5) Sensor is installed inside the sensor holder (16) to realize the paper calibration, detection and positioning.

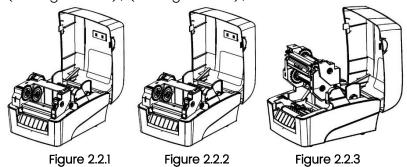
## 2 Printer installation

## 2.1 Installation position

Flatly place the printer on the operation table, which must be waterproof, moisture proof and dustproof. The maximal tilted angle should not exceed  $\pm 15^{\circ}$  during installation.

## 2.2 Paper roll installation

1) Hold the cover open lever with both hands to turn the top cover upwards, and open the top cover of printer (see figure 2.2.1); (see figure 2.2.1);



- 2) Press the cover open lever in the direction of arrow (see figure 2.2.2). After the ribbon holder is uplifted, turn it upwards to the angle as shown in the figure (see figure 2.2.3);
- 3) Install the paper roll onto the paper roll holder, and add one paper guide on each side of the paper roll (see figure 2.2.4);

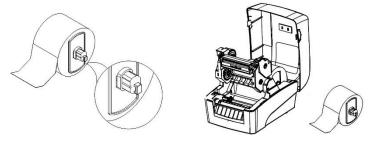


Figure 2.2.4 Figure 2.2.5

4) Place the paper roll on the holder into the paper cabinet, pull out the front end of paper and spread it in the print path, and then lead the paper go through under the buffer shaft and finally clamp the paper pulled out with the left and right paper guides (see figure 2.2.5).

### / Caution:

- While opening the top cover, avoid pressing it with force, and open the top cover with force towards upwards;
- The print side of paper should face upwards. If it is marked paper, please make the black mark face downwards:
- The front end of paper should be located in the middle of platen roller as possible as it can.

#### 2.3 Ribbon installation

- 1) The carbon ribbon shaft has two inner diameters: 12.7mm (1/2 inch) and 25.4mm (1 inch). When the inner diameters of the ribbon shafts are different, the methods for loading ribbon are different:
  - A) For the ribbon shaft with an inner diameter 12.7mm (1/2 inch), the operation method is as shown in Figure 2.3.1 (please pay attention to the installation direction). Firstly, rotate the ribbon holder to the position shown in Fig.1, then insert the ribbon into the ribbon end cap in the direction shown in Fig.2 and insert the other end of ribbon into the ribbon thumb wheel, and then pull the ribbon outward slightly until you feel an elastic retraction force which indicates that the installation of ribbon on releasing shaft is complete (see Figure 2.3.1);

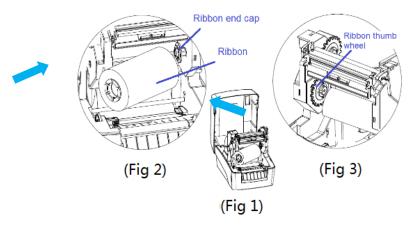


Figure 2.3.1

B) For the ribbon shaft with an inner diameter 25.4mm (1 inch), insert the ribbon core shaft into the ribbon and the empty ribbon shaft separately (see Figure 2.3.2). And the following operation is the same as in the step A).

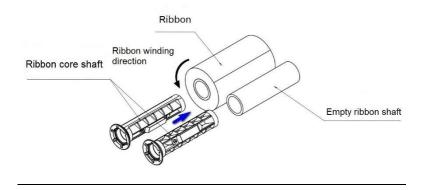


Figure 2.3.2

Rotate the ribbon holder to the position shown in Fig. 1, then insert the assembled ribbon module into the ribbon end cap in the direction shown in Figure 2 and insert the other end of ribbon into the ribbon thumb wheel, and then pull the ribbon outward slightly until you feel an elastic retraction force which indicates that the installation of ribbon on releasing shaft is complete (see Figure 2.3.3);

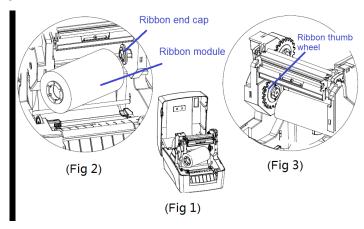


Figure 2.3.3

- 2) Lead he front end of ribbon go through under the print head module and wind it around the rewinding shaft of ribbon;
- 3) Install the rewinding shaft of ribbon onto the ribbon holder according to the method in step 1);
- 4) Push the ribbon thumb wheel to tighten the ribbon (installed paper roll and ribbon refer to figure 2.3.2);

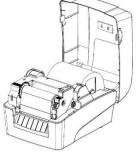


Figure 2.3.2

Figure 2.3.3

5) Press down the ribbon holder to locking status, then close the top cover of printer (see figure

2.3.3).

## A Caution:

- Make sure the print method:
  - If selecting thermal transfer printing, the ribbon needs to be installed; If selecting thermal printing, there is no need to install ribbon.
- Under normal condition, the width of ribbon selected should be wider than that of print medium;
- During the process of installing the ribbon, avoid the wrinkle or damage of ribbon.

## 2.4 Power adapter connection

- 1) Ensure the printer is turned off;
- 2) Connect one end of the AC power input cable to power adapter, and then insert the other end of the power adapter into the power adapter interface on the back of printer;
- 3) Insert the other end of AC power input cable into the 220V power socket.

## / Caution:

■ If leaving the printer idle for a long time, please disconnect the power of printer.

#### 2.5 Communication cable connection

- 1) Ensure the printer is turned off;
- 2) Insert the communication cable into the suitable interface, and fix it with screw or latch spring of the plug;
- 3) Connect the other end of the communication cable to the host.

## / Caution:

■ Don't connect or disconnect the serial/parallel communication cable when the power has not been turned off.

## 2.6 Start the printer

#### 2.6.1 Power-on and self-test

- 1) Ensure the power adapter and the communication cable are connected correctly, and turn on the printer;
- 2) The printer starts the self-test. The buzzer beeps once for a short time after the self-test is finished, and then the LED displays green and it is always on;
- 3) If power-on action is set, the printer will perform power-on action.
- Note: Power-on action refers to the actions performed automatically after the printer is turned on, including feeding one label, starting calibration automatically (only valid under discontinuous paper mode). The power-on action can be set by commands or configuration tools.

## / Caution:

■ If the printer can not be started or can not work normally after it is started, please contact Newland or local dealer in time.

#### 2.6.2 Mark calibration

- 1) Firstly, install the print medium correctly, and then turn on the printer;
- 2) After the printer finishes the self-test, it will enter standby mode. Keep pressing the button and release it after the power LED has flashed two times. Then the printer will start feeding paper and start calibration;
- 3) If the calibration is successful, the printer will enter standby mode; If the calibration fails, the printer will alarm. Then please make sure whether the installation of medium is correct.
  If any of the following cases occurs, please calibrate the medium before the printing:
  - > The first time to install and operate the printer or the first time to use the printer after the sensor has been cleaned;
  - Use the printer again after the printer has been idled for a long time or replace new kinds of paper roll;
  - Cannot identify the marks effectively during the process of printing;
  - > The using environment of printer has changed greatly.

## Caution:

■ After the above steps and after having cleaned the sensor, if still cannot find out the reason of calibration failure, please contact with maintenance personnel.

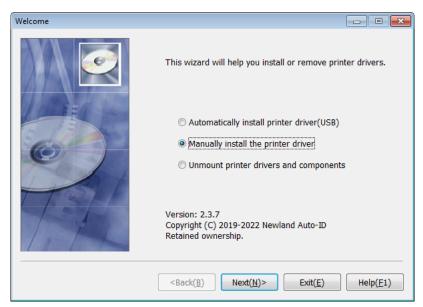
#### 2.6.3 Printing self-test page

- 1) Install the media, and turn on the printer. Keep pressing the button and release it after the LED has flashed one time, then the printer will feed paper and print self-test page (see <u>Appendix 2.1</u>);
- 2) The self-test page lists the current configuration information of the printer.

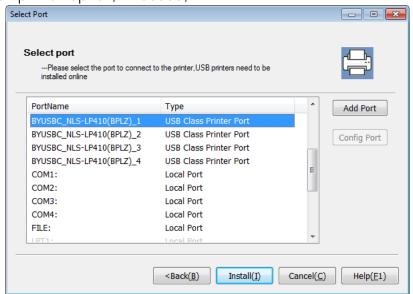
## 2.7 Driver setup

The installation program of the driver can be downloaded from the website www.Newland.cn.

- The 32-bit operating systems supported by the driver are as follows:
  Windows XP/Windows server 2003/ Windows Vista/Windows server 2008/ Windows 7/
  Windows 8/Windows server 2012/ Windows 10/Windows server 2019
- The 64-bit operating systems supported by the driver are as follows:
  Windows XP/Windows server 2003/ Windows Vista/Windows server 2008/ Windows 7/
  Windows 8/Windows server 2012/ Windows 10/Windows server 2019/ Windows 11.
- 1) Run the "setup.exe" . Select the "Manually install the printer driver" option;

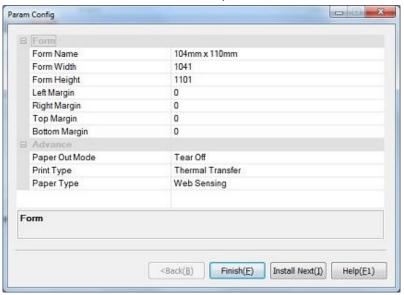


2) Select the printer name to be installed. And, you can enable "I'm going to set this printer to Windows default printer" option, if needed;



3) Select the responding USB printer port, such as "BYUSBC\_NLS-LP410 (BPLZ)\_x" or "USB00x". Click "install":

4) As the driver has been installed, you can set the "Param Config" to make the driver work in the way that you want. The "Finish" button can exit the installation program. And ,the "Install Next" button would start a new driver installation;



# 3 Printer operations

## 3.1 LED, button and buzzer explanation

#### 3.1.1 LED functions

LED name	Status	Explanation
Work LED (green)	Always on	Printer is idle or working.
Work LED (green)	Flash	Printer is busy.
Pause LED (green+red)	Always on	Printer is in pause status.
	Flash	Printer is in updating status.
Error LED (red)	Flash	An error occurs. See <u>5.1 Troubleshooting</u> for details.

#### 3.1.2 Button functions

Button	Function	Explanation
	Feed paper	In standby status, press the button for a short time to feed
		paper.
Short press	Pause	During the printing, press the button for a short time to enter
oriore press	1 dd3C	pause status.
	Continue	After the printer enters pause status, press the button for a
	Continue	short time to resume the printing.
	Self-test page	Keep pressing the button for a long time and release it after
		the green LED has flashed one time.
	Calibration	Keep pressing the button for a long time and release it after
		the green LED has flashed two times.
	Restore default	Keep pressing the button for a long time and release it after
Long press	configuration of	the green LED has flashed three times.
	serial interface	the green LED has hashed three times.
	Print waveform of	Keep pressing the button for a long time and release it after
	sensor	the green LED has flashed four times.
	Restore factory	Keep pressing the button for a long time and release it after
	setting	the green LED has flashed five times.

Note: Short press means the duration from pressing down the button to the time when the button uplifts is less than 0.5s.

Long press means the duration of pressing down the button is more than 1s.

### 3.1.3 Buzzer functions

- 1) The buzzer beeps for a short time when the printer is turned on or resets;
- 2) The buzzer beeps many times when an exception occurs. For the details, please refer to <u>5.1</u> <u>Troubleshooting</u>.

## 3.2 Printer status and operation

#### 3.2.1 Printer status

The printer has four statuses: idle status, working status, pause status, and abnormal status.

Printer status	LED	
Idle status	Green LED is always on and red LED is always off.	
Working status	Green LED is always on and red LED is always off.	
Pause status	Green LED and red LED are always on.	
Abnormal status	Refer to 5.1 Troubleshooting.	

Note: The work LED flashes twice when pressing the button for a long time under any of the status listed above.

#### 3.2.2 Daily operations

#### Operations under idle status

It refers to the ready status when the printer is normal and waiting for an operation or a task. The printer enters idle status by default after turning on normally or returns to idle status after finishing performing a task. Under idle status, if pressing the button for a short time, the printer will feed paper; if pressing the button a long time and releasing the button after the green LED flashes, the printer will select the corresponding functions.

#### Operations under working status

It refers to the status when the printer has a printing task. The printer will enter pause status if releasing the button after pressing it down at this time.

#### > Operations under pause status

The printer is under the status of stopping the printing task temporarily. The printer will enter pause status under the following situations:

- 1) Press down the button during normal printing;
- 2) After an exception is removed.

When the printer is in pause status, press the button for a short time to resume the print task.

#### Operations under abnormal status

It refers to the status when an exception occurs. The printer failure is prompted by LED and buzzer. For the details of failure prompting and removing, refer to <u>5.1 Troubleshooting</u>.

### 3.3 Sensor position adjustment

The sensor is assembled in the sensor holder, and it can move to the left and right sides (see Figure 3.3.1). While loading the medium, firstly adjust the paper guide, and then adjust the sensor holder module. If black mark paper is used, please adjust the arrow on the sensor holder module to be aligned with the black mark on the medium. The specification of the medium used should

meet the requirements in Appendix 1.2.

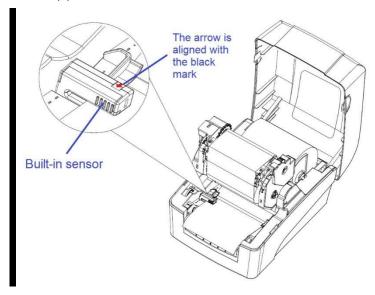


Figure 3.3.1

## 3.4 Print position adjustment

## Adjust vertical print position

When the situation like figure A or B occurs, adjust the vertical print position to figure C.

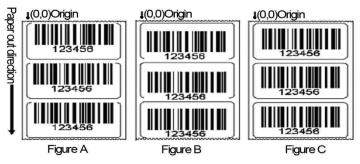


Figure 3.4.1

## 

- Figure A indicates that the print position is upper than the correct position. Adjust it in the positive direction (The data symbol in the option "Vertical position adjustment" is "+");
- Figure B indicates that the print position is lower than the correct position. Adjust it in the negative direction. (The data symbol in the option "Vertical position adjustment" is "-").

## 2) Adjust horizontal print position

When the situation like figure D or E occurs, adjust the horizontal print position to figure F.

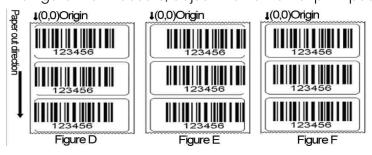


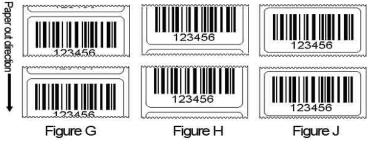
Figure 3.4.2

## / Caution:

- Figure D indicates that the print position is on the left of the correct position. Adjust it in the positive direction (The data symbol in the option "Horizontal position adjustment" is "+");
- Figure E indicates that the print position is on the right of the correct position. Adjust it in the negative direction. (The data symbol in the option "Horizontal position adjustment" is "-").

## 3) Adjust tear-off position

When the situation like figure G or H occurs, adjust the tear-off position to figure J.



**Figure 3.4.3** 

## / Caution:

- Figure G indicates that the tear-off position is upper than the correct position. Adjust it in the negative direction; (The data symbol in the option "Tear-off position adjustment" is "-");
- Figure H indicates that the tear-off position is lower than the correct position. Adjust it in the positive direction. (The data symbol in the option "Tear-off position adjustment" is "+").

## 4 Routine maintenance

Clean the print head, platen roller and sensor every month according to the following steps. If the printer works in a tough environment, the maintenance times can be properly increased.

## 4.1 Cleaning print head

When any of the following cases occurs, the print head should be cleaned:

- Printout is not clear;
- > Feed or retract paper with big noise;
- Something else sticks onto the print head.

Follow the steps below to clean the print head:

- 1) Turn off the printer and open the top cover;
- 2) Lift up the top cover and find the print head. Wait for print head to cool down completely if it has just finished the printing;
- 3) Wipe off the dust and stains on the surface of the print head with alcohol cotton ball (it should be wrung out);
- 4) Wait for 5 to 10 minutes until the alcohol evaporates completely, press down the print head module, and close the top cover.

## 4.2 Cleaning platen roller

When any of the following cases occurs, the platen roller should be cleaned:

- > Printout is not clear;
- > Feed and retract paper with big noise;
- Something else sticks onto the platen roller.

Follow the steps below to clean the platen roller:

- 1) Turn off the printer and open the top cover;
- 2) Uplift the top cover and find the platen roller. Wait for the platen roller to cool down completely if it has just finished printing;
- 3) Wipe off the dust and stains on the surface of the platen roller with alcohol cotton ball (it should be wrung out) while turning the platen roller;
- 4) Wait for 5 to 10 minutes until the alcohol evaporates completely, and close the top cover.

## Caution:

- Before starting routine maintenance of printer, make sure the printer is turned off;
- Do not touch the surface of print head with hands or metal objects. Do not use forceps in case it scratches the surface of the print head, platen roller and sensor;
- Do not use organic solvent like gasoline, acetone etc. to clean the print head or platen roller;
- Please wait for alcohol to evaporate completely before starting printing.

# 5 Troubleshooting

When the printer has a malfunction, please handle it with reference to this charter. If it still cannot be cleared, please contact Newland or your local dealer.

## 5.1 Troubleshooting

The error LED flashes and the buzzer beeps when an error or exceptional status occurs. At this time, the printer stops the printing. Please handle it with reference to the following method:

### Error indication mode:

Error message	Buzzer	Error LED
Print head up	2 beeps	Red LED flashes 2 times circularly
Paper end	3 beeps	Red LED flashes 3 times circularly
Out of ribbon	4 beeps	Red LED flashes 4 times circularly
Abnormal temperature of print head	No beep	Red LED flashes 5 times circularly
Cannot find marks	No beep	Red LED flashes 6 times circularly
Mark calibration error	No beep	Red LED flashes 7 times circularly

## Troubleshooting methods:

Error LED status	Reason analysis	Solutions
	Print head is lifted up.	Please press down the print head.
Print head up	The micro switch has a failure.	Contact the maintainer.
	Paper roll is used up or no paper roll is installed.	Install a paper roll.
	Paper jam	Clear the paper jam.
	Paper roll surface is dirty or damaged.	Please skip the dirty or damaged part.
Paper end	Paper roll breaks away from the mark sensor.	Install a paper roll again.
rupei enu	The surface of mark sensor is dirty.	Clean mark sensor surface.
	The position of reflective sensor is not correct.	Adjust the sensor position according to the description in 3.4.
	Paper roll type does not match with mark sensor type.	Set the paper type in printer driver to make it consistent with actual paper type.
	Ribbon is used up	Install ribbon
Lack of ribbon	Ribbon is jammed	Clear up the ribbon
Lack of ribbon	Ribbon sensor has failures	Replace the ribbon sensor
	Operating environment temperature is too high, causing overheating print head.	Please improve ventilation condition. The printer can return to normal with the fall of temperature.
Print head	Print darkness is too high.	Lower the print darkness properly.
temperature abnormal	Paper is jammed in the path, causing heat accumulation and overheating print head.	Clear paper jam. Check if the print head test pattern is normal or not after the temperature of print head drops. If normal, the printer can continue to work; otherwise please replace the print head.
Mark location failure or mark calibration	Paper type does not match with sensor type.	Set the paper type in printer driver to make it consistent with actual paper type.
failure	Something wrong	Use the required media.

with marked paper (for example: no mark or unclear mark)	
Mark height is less	
than the required	
height.	

Table 5.1.1

# 5.2 Print quality problems

Malfunction	Reason	Solution
	Print head or platen roller is dirty.	Clean the print head or platen roller.
Printout is unclear or	Paper does not meet the requirement.	Use recommended paper.
has stains.	Print darkness is too low.	Increase print darkness.
	Paper is not installed correctly.	Install paper roll correctly.

Table 5.2.1

# Appendix

# Appendix 1 Technical specification

## Appendix 1.1 Main technical specifications

	Item	NLS-LP410 parameter	
	Resolution	203DPI	
	Print method	Thermal / Thermal transfer	
	Print width (Max.)	104mm	
	Print speed (Max.)	150mm/s	
	CPU	32bit RISC microprocessor	
	Memory	FLASH: 8MB	
	Merriory	SDRAM: 32MB.	
Printing	Print head temperature	Thermal resistor	
Tilliang	detection	mermanesistor	
	Print head position	Micro switch	
	detection	Wild Switch	
	Paper mark detection	Photoelectric sensor	
	Paper existence	Photoelectric sensor	
	detection	1 Hotociectiic serisor	
	Communication	Optional:	
	interface	USB interface, serial interface, Ethernet interface.	
	Paper type	Continuous paper, label paper, marked paper, etc.	
	Paper roll OD (Max.)	127mm (5 inches)	
	Paper roll width (Max.)	110mm	
Media	Paper roll ID	25mm (1 inch)/38mm (1.5 inch)	
Wedia	Paper thickness	0.06mm-0.20mm	
	Ribbon length (Max.)	300m	
	Ribbon ID	12.5mm	
	Paper out mode	Tear off	
	Character	Support four types of rotation printing (0°, 90°, 180°, 270°)	
Character	enlargement/rotation	Bitmap fonts can be enlarged up to 10 times.	
	ornargornone, rotation	Vector fonts can be zoomed without scale.	
Barcode		7 bitmap fonts and 1 vector font are built-in.	
Graphics	Character set	User-defined bitmap and vector fonts can be downloaded	
orapinoo		into the printer.	
	Graphics	Plain bitmaps in binary system, HEX, PCX, BMP and IMG files	
	514p11100	can be downloaded to FLASH or RAM.	

		1D barcode:	
	Barcode	Code39, Code93, Codabar, Code128 (Subsets A, B, and C),	
		EAN-13, EAN-8, UPC-A, UPC-E, UPC/EAN Extensions, Planet	
		Code, Standard 2 of 5, Industrial 2 of 5, Interleaved 2 of 5,	
		LOGMARS, GS1 DataBar (RSS)	
		2D barcode:	
		PDF 417, MicroPDF417, QR Code, DataMatrix, MaxiCode, GS1	
		Composite	
Operation interface	Button, LED	1 button, 2 LEDs	
Dower adapter	Input	AC 100∼240V, 50/60Hz	
Power adapter	Output	DC 24V, 2.5A	
Environmental	Operating environment	+5℃~45℃, 20%~90%(40℃)	
requirements	Storage environment	-40°C~60°C, 20%~93%(40°C)	
Physical features	Overall size	278mm (L)×218mm(W)×185mm(H)	
Friysicarieatures	Weight	About 2.3Kg	

Table appendix 1.1.1

## Appendix 1.2 Technical specifications of paper

1) Specifications of continuous paper (unit: mm)

Туре	Illustration	Index
Continuous paper without adhesive	Paper without adhesive	Print paper width: 18≤a≤120
Continuous paper with adhesive	Paper with adhesive	Base paper width: 18 <a≤120 18≤b≤118="" c="" margin="" paper="" print="" th="" width:="" ≤1<=""></a≤120>

Table appendix 1.2.1

# 2) Discontinuous paper specifications (unit: mm)

Туре	Illustration	Index
Discontinuous label paper with adhesive	Paper out direction	Base paper width:  18≤a≤120  Paper margin  width: b≤1  Label width:  18≤c≤118  Label height:: d≥10  Gap width: e≥2
Discontinuous punched paper without adhesive	Paper out direction	Punched paper width: 18≤a≤120 Punched paper height: b≥10 Detection hole position: c≤a/2 Detection hole width: d≥5 Detection hole height: e≥2
Discontinuous marked paper without adhesive	Paper out direction	Marked paper width: 18≤a≤120 Marked paper height: b≥10 Mark position: c≤a/2 Mark width: d≥10 Mark height: e≥4

Table appendix 1.2.2

## Appendix 2 Self-test page

Self-test page includes printer configuration information, printer internal fonts and print head test information. The printer configuration information and printer internal fonts reflect the current internal configuration of the printer, and the print head test information reflects the status of the print head.

Printer configuration information (BPLZ II) is related to the configuration of the printer.

### PRINTER CONFIGURATION

NLS-LP410	MODEL
FV2.000	MAIN FIRMWARE
10	DARKNESS
+0	TEAR OFF
TEAR OFF	PRINT MODE
CONTINUC	DUS MEDIA TYPE
MEDIA	SENSOR TYPE
MANUAL	SENSOR SELECT
DIRECT-TH	HERMAL PRINT METHOD
56	PRINT WIDTH
640	LABEL LENGTH
11IN 300M	M MAXIMUM LENGTH
CONNECT	EDUSB COMM
NONE	PARALLEL COMM
115200	BAUD
8 BITS	DATA BITS
NONE	PARITY
HARD	HOST HANDSHAKE
NONE	PROTOCOL
<~> 7E	EH CONTROL CHAR
<^> 51	EH COMMAND CHAR
<,> 20	CH DELIM. CHAR
NO MOTIC	N MEDIA POWER UP
NO MOTIC	N HEAD CLOSE
DEFAULT	BACKFEED
+0	LABEL TOP
+0	LEFT POSITION
100mm/s.	PRINT SPEED
100mm/s.	FEED SPEED
100mm/s.	BACKFEED SPEED
203DPI	RESOLUTION

16360K	R: RAM
1472K	E: ONBOARD FLASH
NONE	FORMAT CONVERT
0123456789	SERIAL NUMBER

## Appendix 3 Print and paper out position

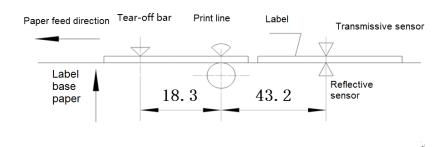


Figure appendix 3.1

## 

- To take marked paper for example, the figure above explains the print and paper out position;
- Discontinuous paper locates by the front edge of the mark;
- Refer to <u>3.4 Print position adjustment.</u>

## Appendix 4 Communication interface

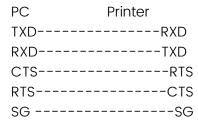
## Appendix 4.1 Serial interface

1) Interface signal

Pin	Signal name	Signal direction	Function
1	None		
2	RXD	Input	Data input
3	TXD	Output	Data output
4	DTR	Output	Data terminal ready
5	SG	_	Signal ground
6	DSR	Input	Data device ready
7	RTS	Output	Request transmission
8	CTS	Input	Allow transmission
9	FG		Frame ground

Table appendix 4.1.1 printer signal and status

2) Wiring diagram





■ The following connection method can be used, which only needs 3 wires. This method applies to small data amount or XON/XOFF flow control:

PC	Printer
TXD	RXD
RXD	TXD
SG	SG

## Appendix 4.2 USB interface

USB interface meets USB2.0 protocol standard and is optional.

USB interface transmits signal and power via a four-wire cable, as shown in the following figure:



Figure appendix 4.2.1 USB cable

Wire D+ and D- in figure appendix 4.3.1 are used for signal transmission, and the VBUS is +5V.

## Appendix 4.3 Ethernet interface

## 1) Network interface parameter

Meets the standard communication protocol of 10BASE-T in IEEE802.3.



Figure appendix 4.3.1 Socket

Pin	Signal name	Function
1	TX+	Data transmit +
2	TX-	Data transmit -
3	RX+	Data receiving +
4	NC	Reserved
5	NC	Reserved
6	RX-	Data receiving -
7	NC	Reserved
8	NC	Reserved

Table appendix 4.3.2 Pin list of Ethernet interface

## 2) Electrical characteristics of interface

## Output signal

The effective DMV (differential mode voltage) should be more than 450mV, and the peak voltage is no more than 13V;

Common mode AC peak voltage is no more than 2.5V.

## Input signal

If the DMV is more than 160mV, then it is effective signal.





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